

#### **Overview**

Our firm belief is that the best schools for their children and communities succeed with all learners - not just the compliant ones. We aim to be the best school that we can be, for all the children of Handale, where children get what they need, not what they 'deserve'. We can achieve this through a bedrock of kindness and strong relationships across school. Strong and trusting relationships between children and staff are key in the realisation of this policy. Our school motto is more than words on a page; we live it, promote it and teach it. "Work Hard, Aim High, Be Kind, Show Respect" is at the heart of all of us at Handale Primary School. Aligned to this are our six 'virtues'; interwoven through our curriculum, policies and everyday practice.













**Kindness Respect** 

Resilience

**Fairness** 

Teamwork

**Ambition** 

#### **Routines Matter**

Children thrive on a sense of consistency and routine. For some children, school is the only place where they experience such stability. As such, we have some clear routines and expectations at the centre of our behaviour approach – setting the tone from the second that the children and families arrive at school.

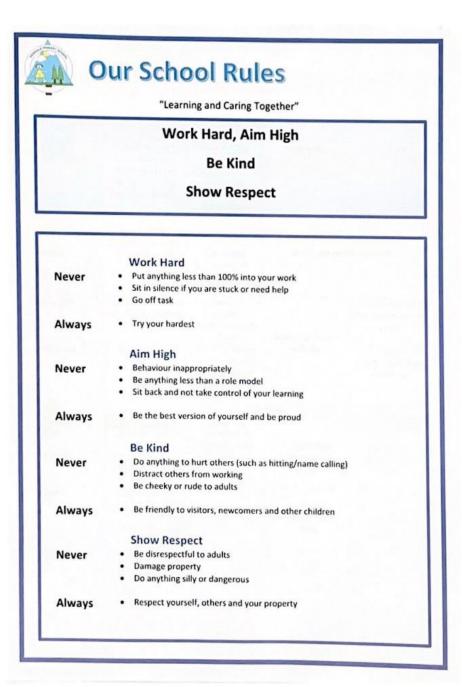
These consistent routines and expectations are:

- Consistent arrivals (Detailed in appendix 1)
- Handale walking (Detailed in appendix 1)
- Lining up (Detailed in appendix 1)
- Constantly referring to our 3 school rules
- Consistent reward and recognition
- Consistent adult language and approach to behaviour Individual classroom routines

#### **Clear Rules and Associated Language Matter**

We have three, simple school rules which encompass all aspects of school life. These are explicitly taught and they are displayed in all key areas (poster in appendix 2). These rules are:

# Work Hard, Aim High Be Kind Show Respect



#### Rewards

#### **House Points**

Each child is allocated a house group from the day that they arrive at Handale Primary School. These groups are linked to family groups.

Children work towards achieving house points for themselves and their house group.

House Points can be awarded for:

- Doing the right thing
- Brilliant work and effort

Children can be awarded certificates for 50, 100, 200 and 500 House Points.

Each week, the house points are all totalled – with the winning house at the end of the term being awarded a treat (extra playtime, watch a cartoon etc).

In addition, children can also gain a place on the star board for following the three school rules. This is our method of teaching the children our rules, quickly and in depth.

#### **Weekly Award Assembly**

#### **Pupil of the Week**

On a Friday in whole school assembly, teachers recognise a child in their class who has worked exceptionally hard and followed the school rules. The children are rewarded with a small gift and a certificate to take home. The children are proud of their awards and then they have their photograph taken and posted on our school 'Facebook' page.

#### **Star Board**

On a Friday in whole school assembly, staff recognise pupils who have brought joy to the class and followed the school behaviour rules. The children identified will be added to the star display so everybody in school can identify good behaviour.

#### **Attendance**

On a Friday in whole school assembly, attendance is rewarded. The class with the best whole class attendance receives a reward of an extra playtime during the following week.

#### **Poor Behaviour Matters**

In a primary school, children are not only learning to read, write and count – they are also learning to behave. As such, at times, most children will require their choice of behaviour to be checked or addressed.

#### Before this conversation happens, it is vital that the adult stops and considers:

- How would I speak to this child if their parent was on my shoulder?
- What would the best teacher in the world do?
- It is my professional responsibility to stay calm; I need to be mindful of my tone, body language and intonation.
- Children who struggle to behave take more time out of lessons don't give it to them in lessons too. Learning should not be impacted. Choose the time to speak to the child wisely.

At Handale Primary School, we have a clear, stepped approach to addressing a child who is not doing as we expect. In use of sanctions, children learn from experience to expect a fair and consistently applied punishment which differentiates between serious and minor offences.

Sanctions are applied consistently by all staff, but with the provision for flexibility to take account of individual circumstances.

#### **Sanctions Procedure**

We have an agreed system of sanctions which all staff must adhere to. Professional judgement is required regarding which step best reflects the most suitable sanction given for the behaviour displayed. Detention outside of school hours is not part of our agreed sanctions. In exceptional circumstances, depending on the nature of the offence, the sequence of sanctions will be bypassed resulting in fixed term or permanent exclusion.

All staff have the right to apply agreed sanctions up to and including Time Out C. More serious sanctions, such as playground exclusions or internal exclusions must be agreed in advance with a member of SLT/Learning Mentor.

As a general rule for minor and low-level behaviours the following sequence should be adhered to:

	In Classroom	On Playground	
a school rule. This is a subtle behaviour management technique and is a quiet and low-key reminder of expected behaviours. It should be given as a polite reminder. Walk away to give time for the child to correct their behaviour, without an audience.		Remind the child that they are not following a school rule. This is a subtle behaviour management technique and is a quiet and low-key reminder of expected behaviours. It should be given as a polite reminder. Walk away to give time for the child to correct their behaviour, without an audience.  If the behaviour continues, calmly remind	
Step 1 Warning	If the behaviour continues, calmly remind – again, personally, with the consequences made clear. At this point, the child's initials should be added to the classroom behaviour	If the behaviour continues, calmly remind  – again, personally, with the consequences made clear	

Step 2 Last Chance	chart. This is not a 'name and shame' and should not be publicised to give notoriety – but the child needs to know that the stepped approach has started.  Inform children that this is their final warning. Children should be fully aware of what this means and the possible consequences of continuing with the behaviour.	Inform children that this is their final warning. Children should be fully aware of what this means and the possible consequences of continuing with the behaviour	
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Fron	<ul> <li>Now on, no more warnings. Action is taken an Child is sent to a designated area of the classroom or outside of the classroom</li> <li>Child spends 10 minutes sitting alone in order to reflect, calm down without causing disturbance</li> <li>Child's behaviour is recorded on the class behaviour log</li> <li>For a regular offender at Time Out A (Regular = more than three times in two weeks) - Removal of treats/playtimes - Discussion with SLT to consider behaviour interventions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Child is sent to a designated area of the playground</li> <li>Child spends 10 minutes sitting or standing alone in order to reflect, calm down without causing disturbance</li> <li>Child's behaviour is recorded in class Behaviour log</li> <li>For a regular offender at Time Out A (Regular = more than three times in two weeks) - Removal of treats/playtimes - Discussion with SLT to consider behaviour interventions</li> </ul>	
Time Out B	<ul> <li>Child is escorted to a designated colleague that is agreed in advance.</li> <li>Up to 1 hour working alone without causing disturbance</li> <li>Removal of playtime</li> <li>Child's behaviour is recorded in Class Behaviour log</li> <li>Incident recorded on CPOMS</li> <li>Parents Contacted</li> <li>For a regular offender at Time Out B (Regular = more than three times in two weeks)</li> <li>Discussion with SLT at SLT meeting - Involvement of SENCo</li> <li>Begin behaviour monitoring to identify triggers</li> <li>Parent meeting to agree support required - Consider</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Child is escorted to a Senior Leader</li> <li>Removal of playtime</li> <li>Takes place in HT/Learning Mentor office</li> <li>Child's behaviour is recorded in Class Behaviour Log</li> <li>Incident recorded on CPOMS</li> <li>Parents Contacted</li> </ul>	

	recommendations from professional agencies  • Access to extra curricular/ enrichment linked to improvement	
Time Out C	<ul> <li>Child is escorted to a Senior Leader (HT or DHT)</li> <li>One session or half a day working alone without causing disturbance</li> <li>Takes place in HT or DHT office</li> <li>Removal of playtime</li> <li>Child's behaviour is recorded in Class Behaviour Log</li> <li>Incident recorded on CPOMS</li> <li>Parents contacted</li> </ul>	Playground exclusion are for serious incidents, for example physical harm or aggression to another.  • Parents informed • Recorded on CPOMS

#### Repair

It is the conversation about poor behaviour that changes it – not the punishment. Children need to know that if behaviour falls short of the standard expected by the school, that they will have to face it, during a 'repair conversation'. This will be with the adult that imposed the time out and not during lesson time – it should be at a lunch or playtime. If the staff member requires cover for this – it should be prioritised. This is the chance for the adult and child to discuss the behaviour that led to the time out and any possible consequence or 'imposition' of it.

The fact that this conversation happened — and any key outcomes, should be recorded on CPOMS, if the adult deems it appropriate (e.g. a child not paying attention twice, which is out of character for the child and leads to a time out and conversation would not need to be recorded, but if an issue is becoming to be a pattern, or is leading to clear actions for the child or an intervention, it should be recorded).

In this meeting, it is vital that the adult is transparent as to whether parents will be informed.

The key 'Repair Conversation questions' are below, however 5 is enough, and less for young children (those in bold are most suitable for EY / KS1):

- 1. What happened?
- 2. What were you thinking at the time? (How XXX were you at the time, out of 10?) 3
- 3. What have you thought since?
- 4. How did that make people feel?
- 5. Who has been affected (hurt/ upset for KS1)?
- 6. How have they been affected?

- 7. What should we do to put things right?
- 8. How can we do things differently in the future?

#### Repeated or Serious Behaviour

If a child displays a behaviour that has serious consequences for others, such as a physical or verbal attack, racism or homophobia, we recognise that not only does the child require the support from school (and potentially other professionals) to address these behaviours, but also from home. As such, if a child carries out a serious behaviour incident, the staff member dealing with the incident can choose to escalate the sanction to Time out B or C as appropriate. A telephone call home or discussion with parents at pick up about such incidents, or call parents and carers, is expected by all staff.

#### **Extreme Behaviours**

Occasionally, some children may behave in an extreme way which is out of character for them, or poses a serious risk to the child, others or the harmonious running of the school.

Unacceptable behaviours may be expedited quickly through our behaviour system to be dealt with by a member of SLT. If this occurs a focused meeting involving SLT and the staff members will be arranged to discuss what happened and will follow the repair approach. Behaviours may include:

- Violence (i.e. physical contact made with the intention to harm)
- Repeat or Extreme defiance/ rudeness to any adult
- Persistent taunting, teasing and bullying
- Stealing
- Repeated Spitting
- Repeated Swearing

All such incidents and SLT repair meetings will be recorded on CPOMS.

#### **Tracking Behaviour**

Each week, each class has a 'new sheet' to track behaviours. This is a quick way to review low level issues and trends for cohorts and children. If a child is given a 'Time Out' — this is recorded and the brief reason noted on the back. If it is recorded on CPOMs, it does not need recording twice. Simply indicate there is a CPOMs record linked to the event. SLT review the tracking sheets each week to identify trends, CPD or individual children's behaviours which are beginning to cause a concern.

#### **Exclusion**

When a child is excluded, for any length of time, they cannot be positively influenced by school; as such, it is not an approach taken lightly by the school. Importantly, however, a school must have procedures in place, by law, should the need or situation arrive. Our procedures are detailed within our Trust Exclusion Policy which is found here: <a href="https://www.lingfieldeducationtrust.com/trust-policies">https://www.lingfieldeducationtrust.com/trust-policies</a>

#### **Physical Interventions**

Children should not require Physical Intervention unless they are posing an immediate risk to themselves, or others. As such, we have a full Physical Intervention Policy in place, based upon the best practice principles outlined in 'Positive Environments, Where Children Can Flourish' (OFSTED, 2018).

#### **Behaviour in Our Community**

Children who attend Handale Primary School are its ambassadors beyond the school day. As such, we would address inappropriate behaviour outside school if the following applied:

- The child was taking part in a school organised or a school related activity
- The child was on their way to or from school
- The behaviour could have repercussions in school
- The behaviour threatened another pupil of the school. Incidents outside school would be investigated fully and normal sanctions would be applied.

#### **Parents and Carers**

Parent and carers play a vital role in the management of pupil behaviour and have the right to know that their child is doing well or needs support. Parents are informed of good behaviour through our rewards systems — as well as the through the relationships that staff build with our families — catching parents on the yard, telephoning, emailing or using Marvellous Me are all appropriate ways to spread good news.

Equally if their child is behaving inappropriately at school, they must always be informed. It is preferable to inform the parent face to face about concerns, failing that a telephone call. In cases of challenging behaviour, parents will be invited to meet with staff. At this meeting a school behaviour plan will be completed, including agreed Team Teach holds, if necessary, in line with the school Physical Intervention Policy.

#### Induction

Any new member of staff joining the school receives a copy and training of this policy.

#### Review

It is important that the school's work with regard to behaviour is reviewed regularly – and by a range of stakeholders. Each year, staff, parents and children have the opportunity to review the success of the school approach, through discussion and questionnaire feedback. Annually, governors and school leaders review the policy in relation to this feedback. The policy also closely aligns to the Lingfield Education Trust Behaviour Principles, which can be accessed here: <a href="https://www.lingfieldeducationtrust.com/trust-policies">https://www.lingfieldeducationtrust.com/trust-policies</a>

Signed: N.Padgett Headteacher

To be reviewed September 2025

#### **Appendices**

1	Behaviour Blueprint
2	Consistent Approach School Routines
3	Our school rules
4	De-escalation Techniques
5	Pupil Behaviour, Positive Handling and Risk Assessment
6	Class behaviour Log
7	Lunchtime Rules



# Our Behaviour Blueprint

"Learning and Caring Together"

# Work Hard, Aim High Be Kind

**Show Respect** 

A reminder of the 3 Golden Rules will be delivered privately wherever possible. Repeat reminders if reasonable adjustments are necessary.

Take the initiative to keep things at this stage.

	Steps	Actions		
1	Warning	A clear verbal caution delivered privately, wherever possible, making the child aware of their behaviour and clearly outlining the consequences if they continue. Use the phrase, "Think carefully about your next step."		
2	Last chance	Speak to the child privately and give them a final opportunity to engage. Offer a positive choice to do so and refer to previous examples of good behaviour with the use of a 30 second scripted intervention.  You can always attach "Stay two minutes after class." (as an example) The two minutes is owed when the child reaches this step, it is not part of some future negotiation on behaviour. It cannot be removed or substituted.		
3	Time out	Time out (always recorded on OPOMS)  Time out A:  A short time (up to 10 minutes) out of the classroom, in a designated area working alone. It is a few minutes for the child to calm down, breath, look at the situation from a different perspective and compose themselves.  Time out 8:  A longer period of time out of the classroom (up to an hour) working alone under adult supervision. This could involve loss of playtime. Parents to be informed.  Time out C:  A set period of time with a member of SET/Learning Mentor (half day). Loss of playtime.  Discussion with parents.		
4	Repair	This might be a quick chat at break time or a more formal meeting. The repair sessions will take a restorative approach and will be delivered using the Handale's scripted approach. (Youngest children phrases in blue)  1. What happened? 2. What were you thinking at the time? (How XXX [angry, upset etc) were you at the time, out of 30?) 3. What have you thought since? 4. How did that make people feel? 5. Who has been affected (hurt/ upset for KS1)? 6. How have they been affected? 7. What should we do to put things right? 8. How can we do things differently in the future?  Record on CPOMs brief details of outcomes for all conversations that lead to an Issue Slip, and for others that are for repeat incidents or concerning / escalating behaviours.		

#### 2. Appendices

#### **Appendix 1: Consistent School Routines**

• Children enter through the school gate which is always manned by a member of

#### Arrival

staff. Children will always be greeted by an adult at the gate and as they enter their classroom.

- Staff will always remember that they are there to welcome the children first. Children are expected to reply with to the adults with good morning
- On entry to the classroom children can choose to acknowledge the member of staff
  with how they are feeling by either showing a thumbs up or down, or some children
  may prefer to give a smile and a hug but the adult must make every effort to
  interact with every child, setting the tone for the day.
- Children will always know 'what to do' when they enter the classroom once their coat is
- hung up, children should have a learning task to settle down to before the day starts.
- Adults in the room should use this time to 'check in' with children particularly those who
- may be most vulnerable.

#### **Handale Walking**

- The way that children move around the building and 'carry themselves' says so much about the expectations of the school. Get this right, the learning will transcend long beyond school and in to adult life.
- Handale walking relates to the school rules— we expect children to walk well independently of adult supervision.
- Walking confidently and with purpose is taught and expected, following these key points
  - Shoulders back
  - Head held high I am proud to be me!
  - Hands by your side not in pockets
  - We do not slide and lean along walls, or touch things as we walk past we have
    - self-control
  - We are silent when walking through school respecting others learning time
  - We smile and greet people in our path
  - We hold doors open and articulate 'after you'
  - We always use our manners when people hold doors or let us through
  - We always walk on the left-hand side

o Our Lining Up Code – lining up one behind the other with a space in between,

#### **Lining Up at Handale**

no talking and show good listening

- The children are taught how to line up smartly, sensibly and in a straight line. In all year groups there should be a teacher at the front of the line and if possible a TA at the back, stopping at key points to reinforce
  - Handale walking
  - Hands by side
  - One behind the other
  - Showing good listening
  - Showing good manners
  - Keeping to the left

#### At the end of outdoor playtimes

- We hold doors open
- The children are taught how to line up smartly, sensibly and in a straight line.
  - When whistle goes, children stop and show me 5- the adult will mirror this.
  - o When the whistle blows again, children walk to their line up area
  - Children line up in 'line-up order'
  - o All children follow our 'Handale walking' routine
  - Adults to lead the line at break and lunchtimes

#### **Classroom Routines**

• Visitors are greeted with good morning or good afternoon

#### **Carpet Expectations**

- Sit on your bottom with your legs crossed
- Hands on your laps
- Show me good listening
- Eyes on me
- Give eye contact to whoever is talking
- Show me you are ready to learn
  - Stand up
  - Handale walking to your table

#### **Table Expectations**

Sit your chair with both feet on the floor

- Sit up straight
- Chair tucked in
- Empty hands to show respect
- Hands above the table

#### **Tidy Up Routine**

- It's time to get ready to...
- All items to be returned to pencil cases or table storage
- Monitors to collect classroom resources
- Stand up
- Tuck chairs under
- Stand behind chairs with hands by their side
- EYFS children to tidy areas following classroom expectations

#### **Lunchtimes – Dining Hall**

- Children to use knife and folk with the exception of finger food
- Talk in a quiet voice
- Not to talk when eating
- Stand quietly waiting in the line
- Following follow expectations for 'Lining up at Handale'

### 3. Appendices



## **Our School Rules**

"Learning and Caring Together"

#### Work Hard, Aim High

#### Be Kind

#### Show Respect

Work Hard

Never • Put anything less than 100% into your work

· Sit in silence if you are stuck or need help

· Go off task

Always • Try your hardest

Aim High

Never • Behaviour inappropriately

· Be anything less than a role model

· Sit back and not take control of your learning

Always 

• Be the best version of yourself and be proud

Be Kind

Never • Do anything to hurt others (such as hitting/name calling)

Distract others from working

· Be cheeky or rude to adults

Always 

• Be friendly to visitors, newcomers and other children

Show Respect

Never • Be disrespectful to adults

Damage property

· Do anything silly or dangerous

Always • Respect yourself, others and your property

## 4. De-Escalation Techniques

Fresh face	Move back out of immediate range and let other staff/pupils become the focus				
Reassurance	"I'll always try to be here if you need me"				
	"Although that was wrong, we can help you put things right again"				
Success reminder	"Remember that excellent number work you did for me this morning"				
CALM talking	In any potential confrontation, the first person who needs to calm down is the responsible adult.				
	Staff must maintain personal control.				
	Lower voice to help show that you are in control.				
Distraction	Talk about something totally different (i.e. next weekend) to the child, or to another person.  Bring in something personal such as, "When I was talking to your mam on the phone"				
	"Did you see East Enders last night?"				
	"Would you like a drink of water?"				
Contingent touch	Sometimes a gentle touch on the forearm, hand, shoulder, etc works wonders. Any specialised touch or stroke needs to be formalised in the pupil's Care Plan and signed by parent.				
Reflective listening	"Focus on 'feeling' words				
	<ul> <li>Note general content of message</li> <li>Observe body language</li> <li>Ask yourself, "If I were having that experience right now, what would I be feeling?"</li> <li>Reflect meanings. "You feelbecause</li> </ul>				
Humour	"Did you hear the one about" Knock knock				
Planned Ignoring	If it isn't upsetting anyone else				
	Give a child 'quiet time' with no interaction other than reflection				
Withdrawal offered	"Why don't you go and finish that work in the library"				

Antiseptic Bounce	Message with 'AB' written at the top – this gives the child time out
Emphasise concern for welfare	"Are you alright? Show me that hurt fingeroooh that must hurt a lot Did you have a nice tea last night?
Help Script	"Name", I can see you're upset/ angryI'm here to help. Come with me. You talk, I'll listen"

## 5. Pupil Behaviour, Positive Handling and Risk Assessment

Education Establishment Handale Primary School	Assessor/Role	
Name of pupil and D.O.B	Reason for Assessment	Date Reviewed

Diagnosis:			
Pupil Profile	Always	Sometimes	Comments
Comprehension/Communication			
Age appropriate			
Limited/delayed			
Compliance:			Details
Co-operative			
Un Co-operative			
Unpredictable			
Positive handling needed			
Behaviours:			Details
Verbal abuse			
Threatening behaviour			
Physical assault			
Vandalism			
Absconding			
Theft			
Defiance			
Persistent disruptive behaviour			
Unacceptable language			
Other behaviours:			Details
Emotional/physical issues:			Details
Sensory issues			
Anxiety/Emotional State			
Meltdowns/Tantrums			
Hypermobility			
Fine/Gross Motor skills			

Recommended Strategies:					
Verbal Advice	Reassurance	Time Out Offered	Another Classroom	Negotiation	
Step Away	Success Reminder	Distraction	Contingent Touch	Planned Ignoring	
Humour	Fresh Face	Choices	Consequences	Reflective Listening	

Space given	Antiseptic Bounce	Peer N	√lentor	Other (state)
Has a behaviour plar	n been completed?	Yes/No	Comments	

Preferred Supportive Strategies				
Verbal advice & support – using visuals	Contingent touch			
Reassurance	Planned ignoring			
C.A.L.M talking & stance	Time out offered			
Time out directed	Fresh face			
Humour	Choices/Limits/Consequences			
Negotiation	Space given			
Step away	Reflective listening			
Success reminder	3 part assertive message			
Distraction (key words/objects/likes)	Antiseptic bounce			

Brief description of supportive strategies e.g agreed use of language/consequences etc.

Preferred Handling Strategies (where necessary	у)
Caring C	Wrap hug Standing/Seated
Friendly hold	Double elbow standing/seated
Single elbow standing/seated	Half shield
Figure of four	

S	tepped Behaviour Strat	egies – Avoid	ling Escalation	on
Behaviour	Comments/Recommended Strategies	Level of risk to self- details Low, Medium, high	to peers- details Low,	Level of risk to staff- details Low, Medium, high
DATE OF NEXT R	EVIEW:	,		
SIGNED ASSESSO	PR:	SIGNED LEADER:		
SIGNED PARENT:	С	DATE:		

## 5. Behaviour Log

Week Beginning:

Class Behaviour Tracking Sheet

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#### 6. Lunchtime Rules



## **Our Lunchtime Rules**

"Learning and Caring Together"

## Work Hard, Aim High Be Kind

Show Respect



#### Be Ready

- Use your cutlery to eat
- Clear your table
- Clear your plate
- Sensible walking
- Handale Lining up



#### Be Respectful

- · Sat please and thank you
- Don't talk with food in your mouth
- Always remain seated whilst eating
- Use inside voices
- · Face the children on your table



#### Be Safe

- Do Handale Walking
- Fingers free until you are eating or drinking
- Sit smartly and tuck yourself in